Prescot Swimming Club

Swimming Nutrition

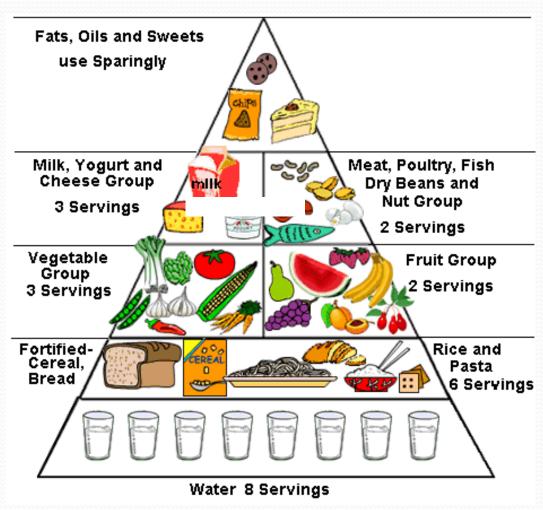
Nutrition advice for swimmers and families

Prescot Swimming Club

Swimming Nutrition

- Advice for swimmers and families
- Applicable for all age groups
- Girls up to 13, Boys up to 14 aim to establish good drinking & eating habits
- Youth and Senior swimmers would benefit from additional advice specific to their requirements
- Info as presented by Andy Shepherd, Absolute Sports
 Nutrition & England Talent Programme

A Healthy Balanced Diet



As a general rule:

- Unused proteins are stored as carbs
- Unused carbs are stored as fat
- Fat is stored as fat.
 Need to keep a
 balanced diet.

Other Nutrients to Note

Iron

- Red meat
- Fish
- Poultry
- Shellfish
- Dark Green Leafy Vegetables
- Dried Fruit (caution on sugar content)
- Vegetarians drink orange juice to aid absorption of nutrients





Other Nutrients to Note

Vitamin D

- Sunshine
- Fish Oil (Cod Liver Oil)
- Eggs
- Mushrooms
- Milk
- Oily Fish (Mackerel, Pilchard, Sardines)



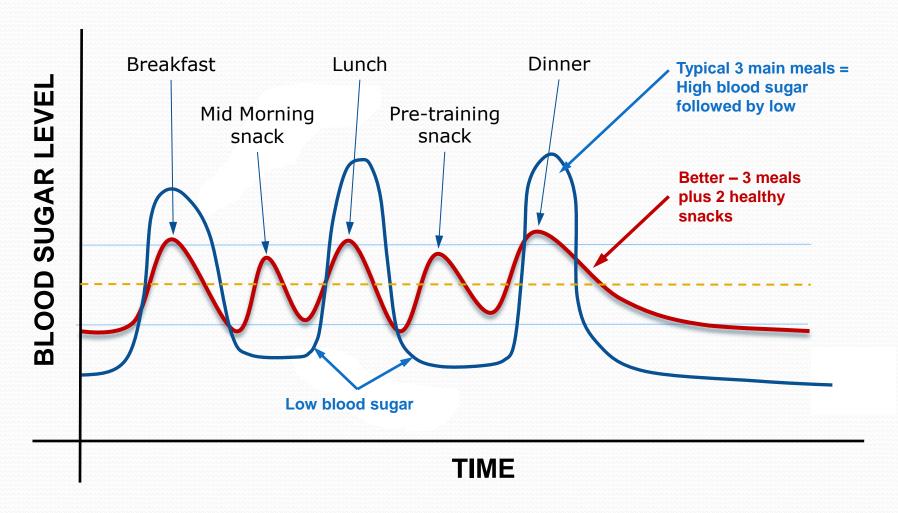
Omega 3

Important for recovery – reduce muscle inflammation + Assist your immune system

- Salmon
- Mackerel / Herring
- Soy beans
- Pumpkin seeds
- Anchovies
- Flaxseed / Flaxseed Oil



Blood Glucose – 3 meals + 2 snacks per day



Example Timings – 5 meals/snacks – 1 Training Session

- 0700 Breakfast Bran Flakes / Weetabix / Shredded Wheat / Porridge with Milk and Fruit Juice. Try to eat some fruit in the morning – e.g. mixed berries, banana
- 1030 Mid Morning Snack Fruit Apple / Pear / Grapes / Melon
- 1200 Lunch Turkey salad sandwich on seeded bread ideally wholemeal or ½ & ½
- 1530 Pre-Training Snack Fruit, Yogurt, Granola
- 2000 Dinner Meat/Protein + 2 Veg + Sweet/Baked Potato
- 2100 Malted Hot Drink aids good night's sleep
- Youth and Senior swimmers move to additional pre- and post- morning training meals/snacks.

Remember – main meals and especially any treats must be eaten more than 2 hours before or after any training or competition

Cereal bars – be cautious with these as most are full of sugar.

Example Timings – 7 meals/snacks – 2 Training Sessions

- 0500 Breakfast Bran Flakes / Weetabix / Shredded Wheat / Porridge with Milk and Fruit Juice.
- 0530 Training Drink 750ml of water or cordial
- 0800 2nd Breakfast Toast, ideally wholewheat + fruit + milk
- 1030 Mid Morning Snack Fruit Apple / Pear / Grapes / Melon
- 1200 Lunch Turkey salad sandwich on seeded bread ideally wholemeal or ½ & ½
- 1530 Pre-Training Snack Fruit, Yogurt, Granola
- 1700 Training Drink 750ml of water or cordial per hour
- 1915 Post Training snack e.g. half a ham sandwich, milkshake
- 2000 Dinner Meat/Protein + 2 Veg + Sweet/Baked Potato
- 2100 Malted Hot Drink aids good night's sleep

Remember – main meals and especially any treats must be eaten more than 2 hours before or after any training or competition

Cereal bars – be cautious with these as most are full of sugar.

Nutrition during School / College

- If school dinners are good these are fine, but ensure the correct food groups being eaten – there is a great deal of peer pressure not to eat vegetables & salad
- It's important to remember swimmers are different to others in school / college and they do need all the nutrients they can get
- If school dinners or food choice are poor, take your own
 - Healthy sandwiches / pasta + snacks
 - Plenty of fluids throughout the day water or squash
 - Occasional treats no more than 5 per week
- It's better to take more transportable snacks than too few –
 you can re-use them the following day

Packed Lunch, Snacks & Drinks

Packed lunches need to be complete – Carbohydrate, Protein,
 Vitamins & Minerals, Fluids

Main Meals	Snacks	Fluids
Ham Salad Sandwich	Fruit of different colours, Dried Fruit, Mixed Nuts	Water, Dilute Squash (cordial, take care with sugar content)
Chicken Pasta	Cereal Bar – Nature Valley Oats & Honey	Fruit Juice
Tortilla Wraps with Tuna or Chicken – include mixed salad	Yoghurt, Fruit Smoothie	Milk

Example Dinners

Main Meal	Dessert	Fluid
 Tuna pasta bake with veg/salad Chicken breast with roasted sweet potato & veg Stir fry veg & egg noodles 	 Jelly Fruit salad Mixed berries Low fat custard Yoghurt Rice Pudding Milkshake Occasional treat 	WaterDilute squash (cordial)Fruit juice

Hydration

Critical for performance

2% dehydrated = 10% slower performance. If your target time is 60 seconds, you'll take 66 seconds

See Your Pee

- Once per week
- Check your pee colour against the chart
- Keep the colour between 1 and 2
 by drinking enough water / cordial

1		
2	If your urine matches the colors 1, 2, or 3, you are properly hydrated.	
3	Continue to consume fluids at the recommended amounts.	
4	If your urine color is below the RED line, you are	
5	<u>DEHYDRATED</u> and at risk for cramping and/or a heat illness!!	
6	YOU NEED TO DRINK MORE WATER!	
7		
8		

Training Fluids

 Very strong advertising for 'Sports Drinks' – but Water & Squash are even better as they have less sugar

Pre	During	Post
 Water – better to eat & drink b4 training, and sip water/squash during training 	 Water – better to eat & drink b4 training, and sip water/squash during training 	WaterCordial
• Squash (Cordial)	• Squash (Cordial)	 Fruit Juice (orange or apple juice)
• Fruit Juice – 1-2 hours before	 Sports Drinks – only for > 1.5 hrs @ MAX effort 	 Avoid carbonated drinks - 2hrs prior or post training

Recovery

- Recovery has 2 key parts:
 - 1. Hydration most important before, during and after
 - 2. Recovery
- Adequate recovery is the most important part of the athlete's development and daily routine - 2nd only to hydration
- Essential after every training session and race
- Recovery is:
 - Re-fuelling correct carbs, protein, veg/salad
 - Repair aided by quality protein (meat, fish, beans)
 - Essential after every training session and race

Recovery Options

- 30 minute window this includes time getting dressed
- Include both high quality carbs (50-70g) + high quality protein (20-30g)
- Avoid high fat foods and carbonated drinks



Homemade Milkshake best (use UHT milk + Nesquick)



Cereal Bar (Nature Valley Oats & Honey)



Sandwich – ideally brown bread + meat/tuna with salad



Milk, cottage cheese, natural yogurt & fruit



Pasta Pot with meat or fish + veg/salad



Rice Pudding (add dried fruit for variety)

Recovery snacks

- After training, it is easy to go for quick snacks from the vending machine – crisps, chocolate bars. DON'T!
- These foods initially make the swimmer feel great, but you'll suffer from a glucose dip quickly as the sugar or fat rush subsides – this results in slower absorption of the nutrients, slows recovery & reduces performance in the next session or race.
- Solution for recovery is to plan ahead hydration, carbs & protein – take the right snacks with you to the pool – remember the 30 minute window for recovery snacks.

Nutrition for Competition

- It's what's eaten in the weeks before, and especially the 3 days before that counts
- Aim to eat a big meal more than 2 hours before your race.
 Usually this is not possible, so eat smaller meals throughout the day.
- 3 Days before competition:
 - Increase fluids
 - Get plenty of sleep
 - Increase carb portion sizes slightly for events 400m and above – 14+yo boys, 13+yo girls

Competition Day Nutrition

- Treat each race as a mini session drink and eat before and after each race
- Healthy Snacks prepare before, don't rely on cafe or vending machines
 - Hydration water/squash before race; Sports drinks in 20-30 mins after race
 - Fruit ideal for a quick boost to your system & easy to digest
 - Cereal Bars Granola or Nature Valley Oats & Honey (not sugar based bars like Kellogs or Nurtigrain as these are not good for you)
 - Healthy Flap Jacks (i.e. not chocolate covered)
 - Mixed nuts & seeds
 - Jaffa Cakes, Haribo, Jelly Babies best not to have these but just a couple immediately after your race is okay. Eat these any other time and you will go slower. Try eating any from the list above first.
- Avoid carbonated drinks and foods that contain fat on competition days/weekends as they take too long to digest

Final Points

- Supplements are not recommended for swimmers as your body absorbs nutrients far better from natural foods + you don't know exactly what is in them (doping). Healthspan.co.uk recommended by British Swimming, should the need be identified to take supplements.
- 4 Key Points:
 - Drink For effective training, recovery and race day Dehydrate by only 2% means 10% slower than you could go - 66sec on 60 sec PB (not sure see your pee)
 - Eat healthy carbs, veg, fruit, protein, dairy (food pyramid)
 - Train as well as you can
 - Sleep Get plenty of sleep